Standard Checklist

Name	of Rip	arian-	-Wetland Area: Robinson Canyon Creek	
Date: <u>J</u>	une 28	, 2004	Segment/Reach ID: Reach 5 PFC 206	
Miles: Elevation:		_ Elev	ation: GPS: N36, 30. 735 W121, 48.673	
ID Tea	am Ob	serve	rs: Ben Eichorn, Danica Zupic Time:	
Yes	No	N/A	HYDROLOGY	
	X		Floodplain above bankfull is inundated in "relatively frequent" events	
		X	Where beaver dams are present they are active and stable	
X		`	 Sinuosity, width/depth ratio, and gradient are in balance with the landscape setting (i.e., landform, geology, and bioclimatic region) 	
X			4) Riparian-wetland area is widening or has achieved potential extent	
	X		5) Upland watershed is not contributing to riparian-wetland degradation	
Yes	No	N/A	VEGETATION	
X			There is diverse age-class distribution of riparian-wetland vegetation (recruitment for maintenance/recovery)	
X			There is diverse composition of riparian-wetland vegetation (for maintenance/recovery)	
X			Species present indicate maintenance of riparian-wetland soil moisture characteristics	
X			9) Streambank Vegetation is comprised of those plants or plant communities that have root masses capable of withstanding high-streamflow events	
X			10) Riparian-wetland plants exhibit high vigor	
X			Adequate riparian-wetland vegetative cover is present to protect banks and dissipate energy during high flows	
X			12) Plant communities are an adequate source of coarse and/or large woody material (for maintenance/recovery)	
	·	<u> </u>		
Yes	No	N/A	EROSION/DEPOSITION	
\times			13) Floodplain and channel characteristics (i.e., rocks, overflow channels, coarse and/or large woody material) are adequate to dissipate energy	
X			14) Point bars are revegetating with riparian-wetland vegetation	
X			15) Lateral stream movement is associated with natural sinuosity	
X			16) System is vertically stable	
	X		17) Stream is in balance with the water and sediment being supplied by the watershed (i.e., no excessive erosion or deposition)	

Summary Determination

Functional Rating:	
Proper Functioning Condition Functional—At Risk Nonfunctional Unknown	X
Trend for Functional—At Risk:	
Upward Downward Not Apparent	
Are factors contributing to unaccepts of the manager?	able conditions outside the control
Yes No	
If yes, what are those factors?	
Flow regulations Mining act Channelization Road encre Augmented flows Other (spec	oachment Oil field water discharge



Picture 1



Picture 2



Picture 3

Remarks

This reach begins at house 28650 Robinson Canyon Rd. The vegetation is predominated by redwoods and sycamores, only these large trees would withstand a high flow. There are a few recruits, with grasses and wetland ferns present.

There is a large tributary creek with extreme incisement and erosion (See Picture 1). There is also a concrete bridge over the creek with two severely eroded culverts that are apparently unable to handle high flows as water flows underneath (See Pictures 2 and 3).

The banks are periodically undercut, and eroded. There are large sediment piles throughout the reach, with only a few sections where cobbles are visible.

Several steelhead fry were seen throughout this reach.

This reach ends at bridge 505 GPS: N36, 30.777 W121, 48.718

Checklist Comments

#1 The floodplain was relatively high and did not seem to be inundated in frequent events.

#5,17 There was excess sediment throughout the reach.

#9, 11 Only the largest trees would withstand a high flow.

#16 Although there is periodic undercutting the whole of the system seems stable.