## Standard Checklist

Name	of Rip	parian	-Wetland Area: Tularcitos Creek	
Date:4	August	10, 200	O4 Segment/Reach ID: Reach 1 PFC 905	
Miles:		_ Elev	ration: 1137 ft. GPS: N36, 24. 996 W121, 36. 310	
ID Te	am Ob	serve	rs: Danica Zupic, Ben Eichorn Time:	
Yes	No	N/A	HYDROLOGY	
X			Floodplain above bankfull is inundated in "relatively frequent" events	
		X	Where beaver dams are present they are active and stable	
X			Sinuosity, width/depth ratio, and gradient are in balance with the landscape setting (i.e., landform, geology, and bioclimatic region)	
	X		4) Riparian-wetland area is widening or has achieved potential extent	
	X		5) Upland watershed is not contributing to riparian-wetland degradation	
Yes	No	N/A	VEGETATION	
	X		There is diverse age-class distribution of riparian-wetland vegetation (recruitment for maintenance/recovery)	
	X		There is diverse composition of riparian-wetland vegetation (for maintenance/recovery)	
	X		Species present indicate maintenance of riparian-wetland soil moisture characteristics	
	X		9) Streambank Vegetation is comprised of those plants or plant communities that have root masses capable of withstanding high-streamflow events	
	X		10) Riparian-wetland plants exhibit high vigor	
	X		Adequate riparian-wetland vegetative cover is present to protect banks and dissipate energy during high flows	
X			12) Plant communities are an adequate source of coarse and/or large woody material (for maintenance/recovery)	
	T	T	EDOCION/DEDOCITION	
Yes	No	N/A		
	X		13) Floodplain and channel characteristics (i.e., rocks, overflow channels, coarse and/or large woody material) are adequate to dissipate energy	
	IX		14) Point bars are revegetating with riparian-wetland vegetation	
X		15) Lateral stream movement is associated with natural sinuosity		
	IX		16) System is vertically stable	
	X		17) Stream is in balance with the water and sediment being supplied by the watershed (i.e., no excessive erosion or deposition)	

# **Summary Determination**

Functional Rating:				
Proper Functioning Condition Functional—At Risk Nonfunctional Unknown	X			
Trend for Functional—At Risk:				
Upward Downward Not Apparent				
Are factors contributing to unacceptable conditions outside the control of the manager?				
Yes No				
If yes, what are those factors?				
Flow regulations Mining actions Channelization Road encro	oachment Oil field water discharge			



Picture 1



#### Picture 2



Picture 3

#### Remarks

This reach was assessed from the sides of Carmel Valley Road.

The vegetation is sparse with little ground cover, and very few riparian plants. Most of the vegetation on the banks are oaks, poison oak, berry vines and other upland species. Willows are the only riparian species present. (See Pictures 1, 2 and 3).

The banks are unstable and severely eroding. There are no visible cobbles or rocks in the creek beds, only fines. (See Pictures 1, 2, 3 and 5).

The areas on either side of the road have been severely degraded from cattle, as several trails and pits down to the creek are visible from the road.

The vegetation becomes less sparse towards the end of the reach, yet still when the creek is visible from the road it is very incised. (See Picture 4 and 5).

This reach ended at N36,26.551 W121,38.844 at driveway 33900 Carmel Valley Road with three culverts and old bridge or ford. (See Picture 5)

### **Checklist Comments**

#4, 6-11, 14 There is almost no riparian vegetation visible, and the willows that are present are stressed and dying.

#5, 16, 17 The banks are unstable, severely eroding and degrading the habitat with excess sediment.

#12 There are sources of LWD but few are riparian.

#13 There are no overflow channels, rocks or LWD to adequately dissipate flow energy.



Picture 4



Picture 5